

Social inclusion

The guiding questions:

- What are the legal provisions, policy frameworks and/or measures in your country that explicitly focus on older persons who are marginalized on the grounds of their sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion, economic or other status? (This may include addressing older populations on frameworks dedicated to other marginalized groups such as women, persons with disabilities, migrants, minorities, homeless people etc.; or addressing marginalized groups within frameworks devoted to older persons)
- What legal age limits exist in your country that prevent the full and equal participation of older persons in societies in areas such as employment, education, healthcare, financial goods and services, or others?
- What measures are in place, if any, to ensure that older persons in institutions segregated from their communities -such as institutional care systems or prisons- can continue participating in their society?

D2: The European Pillar of Social Rights principle 18 states “Everyone has the right to affordable long-term care services of good quality, in particular home-care and community-based services.” The Commission has adopted the [European Care Strategy](#) on 7 September 2022 and Member States have adopted the [Council Recommendation on access to affordable high-quality long-term care](#) on 8 December 2022.

- States have an obligation to use maximum available resources to progressively achieve the full realization of economic, social and cultural rights. What is the share of national public expenditurebudget targeted to older persons as a distinct group?